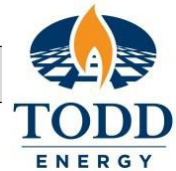


PTW Safety Checklist No. 55



ERECTION OR DISMANTLING OF SCAFFOLDING

Other Checklists that may be relevant:		71
Permit Number:		Date:
Rev 3.0	Issue Date: 02/03/2021	Authorised By: PSM

NOTE: Erecting, altering or dismantling of scaffolds shall be completed as per the Best Practice Guidelines for Scaffolding <http://construction.worksafe.govt.nz/guides/scaffolding-in-new-zealand/>

Work under this permit will include the following operations (tick as appropriate):

- Erection or Dismantling of Scaffolding – Section ONE of this checklist to be completed for all permits.**
- Working at Height – Section TWO of this checklist to be completed when working at height at or above 1.8m or if serious harm from all less than 1.8m.**

SECTION ONE: Erection or Dismantling of Scaffolding

PRIOR TO PERMIT ISSUE:

- | | | Y | N | N/A |
|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | During Work at Height is there a possibility of serious harm from a fall less than 2.8m? Is there any risk that a person may fall greater than 1.8m?

If answer is Yes, appropriate fall protection is required. All persons wearing fall protection shall hold or be supervised by a person holding NZQA unit standard 15757, 23229, 25045 or a NZ Scaffolding Qualification.

Name: _____ NZQA Unit held: _____
Name: _____ NZQA Unit held: _____
Name: _____ NZQA Unit held: _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 | If a special scaffold is to be erected, has a structural engineer approved the design for its intended use. | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 | Protective measures shall be provided for scaffolds in close proximity to hazards such as heat, electricity, vibration and rotating equipment. | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 | Ensure the scaffold will not restrict operability of valves, instruments, controls or emergency equipment e.g.: line of sight gas detectors. | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | Consider piping thermal expansion and well grown. | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |

PRIOR TO COMMENCING TASK:

- | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 6 | High pressure fittings and other vulnerable process equipment identified and protection has been put in place where appropriate. | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7 | Avoid walking on insulated and lagged surfaces that can be easily damaged. | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8 | Does the design of the scaffold allow for rescue and evacuation of personnel? | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |

- | | Y | N | N/A |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 9 Barriers and signs have been erected. | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 10 Completed scaffolds have been inspected, entered in the register and have correct 'Scaff Tags' attached to access points? Reinspection's are planned. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

SECTION TWO: Working at Height

PRIOR TO PERMIT ISSUE:

- 11 Appoint a Safety Observer to oversee the Work at Height:
Name: _____
- 12 Recovery Plan has been developed to recover suspended person. Confirm the Permit Issuer (PI) has approved the plan and all personnel in the work party and recovery team have read and understood the Recovery Plan.
- 13 Are all members of the Recovery Team appropriately trained for the recovery techniques as stated in the plan? Nominate the Recovery Team.

- 14 Are anchor points in good condition and appropriate?
- 15 Live aerials, power lines, gantry cranes have been confirmed isolated before any work in or near them commences.
- 16 Persons wearing fall protection should hold or be supervised by a person holding NZQA unit standard 15757, 23229,25045 or a NZ Scaffolding Qualification.
Name: _____ NZQA Unit held: _____
Name: _____ NZQA Unit held: _____
Name: _____ NZQA Unit held: _____

PRIOR TO COMMENCING TASK:

- 17 Are all members of the work party trained or appropriately supervised by a competent person, in the correct fitting and application of all work at height equipment that is to be used in the work?
- 18 Tools and equipment to be used for the work, are suitably contained or restrained to prevent dropped objects.
- 19 Confirm all equipment to be used for work at height has current certification.
- 20 Confirm that work at height party have had 'Buddy Checks' completed.
- 21 Confirm that the [Adverse Weather Working Guidelines](#) (PRD-ACT03-003) have been referenced to ensure environment conditions are suitable for the work being undertaken.

WORKING OVER WATER:

Y N N/A

12 Working over Water is defined as:

Any work at height activity undertaken outside the confines of passive fall protection systems ¹ and where there is a potential to fall into water ² if active fall protection barriers ³ fail or are missing.

- ¹ Passive fall protection consists of components and systems that do not require any action on the worker's part, and may include dedicated fixed guard rails around structures, access or work platforms erected to code, certified scaffolding, etc.
- ² e.g. sea, rivers or streams, swamps, canals, reservoirs, pits, lakes, docks, wharfs, ponds, swimming pools, holding tanks, etc.
- ³ Active fall protection is made up of components and systems that require some manipulation by the worker to make the protection effective. These systems include harnesses, lanyards, and their attachments: component parts such as rope-grabbing devices; lifelines; fall arresters and shock absorbers; fall-arresting systems; etc. All active systems begin with an anchorage point and have some components connected to the worker

Working over Water as defined above has been read and understood.

Do Working over Water (WOW) controls apply?

If No, then provide justification:

If Yes, please apply the following controls:

(a) The nominated observer, able to work in a position not exposed to WOW risk is:

Name: _____

(b) All personnel working over water are to wear head protection, self-inflating lifejacket and self-righting lifejackets / PLB

(c) If the Observer is also the designated rescuer (e.g. Abseiler), then the Observer shall wear the same PPE as the person working at height over water.